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5 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
6 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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8 THE BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., successor by  
9 merger to BAC HOME LOANS SERVICING,  
10 LP, F/K/A COUNTRYWIDE HOME LOANS  
SERVICING, LP,

11 Plaintiff,

12 v.

13 ARLINGTON WEST TWILIGHT  
HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, *et al.*,

14 Defendants.

Case No. 2:16-cv-0810-KJD-NJK

ORDER

15 Presently before the Court is Plaintiff's Motion to Lift Stay (#42). Though the time for  
16 doing so has passed, no response in opposition has been filed.

17 **I. Background and Analysis**

18 This case emerges from the non-judicial foreclosure sale by Defendant Arlington West  
19 Twilight Homeowners Association on or about October 30, 2013 of the property located at 9154  
20 Smugglers Beach Court, Las Vegas, Nevada 89178 ("the Property"). This case shares a similar  
21 fact pattern with many cases currently pending before this Court, all having to do with HOA  
22 foreclosure sales. One of the issues before the Court centers in whole or in part around the  
23 question of what notice of default the foreclosing party was required to provide Plaintiff prior to  
24 its foreclosure sale on the Property. After the Nevada Supreme Court's decision in SFR Invs.  
25 Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, the Ninth Circuit decided Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo  
26 Bank, NA, 832 F.3d 1154, 1160 (9th Cir. 2016) (holding NRS 115.3116(2)'s statutory notice  
27 scheme was facially unconstitutional).  
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1 On April 21, 2017, in Bank of New York Mellon v. Star Hills Homeowners Ass'n, this  
2 Court certified the following question to the Nevada Supreme Court: "Whether NRS §  
3 116.31168(1)'s incorporation of NRS § 107.090 requires homeowners associations to provide  
4 notices of default to banks even when a bank does not request notice?" Bank of New York  
5 Mellon v. Star Hill Homeowners Ass'n, 2017 WL 1439671, at \*5 (D. Nev. April 21, 2017).

6 In granting certification, the Court reasoned the following: In Bourne Valley, the Ninth  
7 Circuit definitively answered the question that the statute's "opt-in" framework was  
8 unconstitutional. Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank, NA, 832 F.3d 1154, 1160 (9th  
9 Cir. 2016). However, that left the Court with the unresolved question of what notice must be  
10 provided. "It is solely within the province of the state courts to authoritatively construe state  
11 legislation." Cal. Teachers Ass'n v. State Bd. of Educ., 271 F.3d 1141, 1146 (9th Cir. 2001). As  
12 such, state law questions of first impression like this one should be resolved by the state's  
13 highest court. See Huddleston v. Dwyer, 322 U.S. 232, 237 (1944).

14 On August 2, 2018, the Supreme Court of Nevada answered the certified question. See  
15 SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. Bank of New York Mellon, 422 P.3d 1248 (Nev. 2018). Further, it has  
16 since issued two new opinions that bear on the issues in this action. See Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.  
17 v. Tim Radecki, 2018 WL 4402403 (Nev. September 13, 2018); Bank of America, N.A. v. SFR  
18 Invs. Pool 1, LLC, 2018 WL 4403296 (Nev. September 13, 2018) (tender of the superpriority  
19 amount prior to foreclosure results in buyer taking property subject to deed of trust).

20 Also, since the action was stayed, opinions in several cases have directly addressed the  
21 Federal Foreclosure Bar at issue in many cases. See Berezovsky v. Moniz, 869 F.3d 923 (9th Cir.  
22 2017); Elmer v. JPMorgan Chase & Co., 707 Fed. Appx. 426 (9th Cir. 2017); Nationstar Mortg.,  
23 LLC v. SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC, 396 P.3d 754 (Nev. 2017).

#### 24 **A. Stay of the Case**

25 A district court has the inherent power to stay cases to control its docket and promote the  
26 efficient use of judicial resources. Landis v. North Am. Co., 299 U.S., 248, 254-55 (1936);  
27 Dependable Highway Exp., Inc. v. Navigators Ins. Co., 498 F.3d 1059, 1066 (9th Cir. 2000). A  
28 stay is no longer necessary in this action where the certified question has already been decided.

1                    **B. Briefing Schedule**

2                    The parties may either file a stipulation or move the Court for a modified discovery plan  
3 and scheduling order as necessary. If the parties fail to do so, dispositive motions are due no later  
4 than forty-five (45) days after the entry of this order. **Any future dispositive motions must**  
5 **address the most recent case law applicable to the issues in this action.**

6                    **II. Conclusion**

7                    Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the **STAY** in this action is **LIFTED**;

8                    IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that stipulations, motions to modify the discovery plan and  
9 scheduling order, or in the absence of such stipulations or motions, dispositive motions are due  
10 within forty-five (45) days after the entry of this order.

11                   Dated this 23rd day of May, 2019.

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14                   Kent J. Dawson  
15                   United States District Judge  
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